

## PHYSICAL OCEANOGRAPHY (11:628:451, 4 credits)

### Instructors

Professor Robert Chant

Professor Javier Zavala-Garay

### Prerequisites

Two terms of calculus

### Course Materials

#### Primary texts:

Stewart, R. H. Introduction to Physical Oceanography, available online at

[http://oceanworld.tamu.edu/resources/ocng\\_textbook/PDF\\_files/book\\_pdf\\_files.html](http://oceanworld.tamu.edu/resources/ocng_textbook/PDF_files/book_pdf_files.html)

Knauss, J. A. Introduction to Physical Oceanography, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, ISBN 978-1577664291

#### Other references:

Tomczak, M. and J. Godfrey. Regional Oceanography: An Introduction, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, ISBN 978-8170353065

Apel, J. R. Principles of Ocean Physics, available online at  
[https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=1&ved=0ahUKEwispNTF2PLMAhWJQD4KHZzgDfUQFggdMAA&url=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.sisal.unam.mx%2Flabeco%2FLAB\\_ECOLOGIA%2FOF\\_files%2F31355312-Principles-of-Ocean-Physics.pdf&usg=AFQjCNHQEB5tPbLrdwDmGLG282ZvndXoOQ&sig2=4oSS62xFMjqZV9xDbmCaZw&cad=rja](https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=1&ved=0ahUKEwispNTF2PLMAhWJQD4KHZzgDfUQFggdMAA&url=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.sisal.unam.mx%2Flabeco%2FLAB_ECOLOGIA%2FOF_files%2F31355312-Principles-of-Ocean-Physics.pdf&usg=AFQjCNHQEB5tPbLrdwDmGLG282ZvndXoOQ&sig2=4oSS62xFMjqZV9xDbmCaZw&cad=rja)

Bowden, K. F. Physical Oceanography of Coastal Waters, ISBN 978-0853126867

Brown, J. et al. Ocean Circulation, The Open University, ISBN 0-7506-3716-1

Brown, J. et al. Waves, Tides and Shallow Water Processes, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, The Open University, ISBN 978-0750642811

Neumann, G. and W. J. Pierson. Principles of Physical Oceanography, ISBN 978-0137097418

Talley, L. D. et al. Descriptive Physical Oceanography, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, ISBN 978-0750645522

Pond, S. and G. L. Pickard. Introductory Dynamical Oceanography, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, ISBN 978-0750624961

### Topics

#### I. Physical and chemical properties of seawater

Temperature, salinity and density

Equation of state

Stability

Surface heat flux

Sea ice

#### II. Conservation equations

Global balances of heat, water, and salt

The continuity equation

Diffusion

III. Equations of motion

- Local and field acceleration
- Pressure gradient

- Coriolis force

- Gravity

- Friction

IV. Effects of earth's rotation

- Inertial motion

- Geostrophic flow

- Margule's equation

- Barotropic and baroclinic fluids

- Ekman motion

V. Ocean circulation

- North Atlantic gyre

- Gulf Stream and California Current systems

- Equatorial currents

- El Nino/Southern Oscillation

- Decadal oscillations/Impacts on biological processes

- Thermohaline circulation

- Water masses

VI. Coastal processes

- Surface gravity waves

- Tides

- Estuarine circulation

- Semienclosed Seas (Arctic Ocean and Mediterranean Sea)

**Course Learning Goals and Assessment**

The Learning Goals for the Marine Science program are posted on our website at <http://marine.rutgers.edu/main/academics/undergraduate/program-description>. The learning goals for this course apply to Program Learning Goal 1 (to master the basic biological, chemical, physical, and geological principles of marine science), Goal 2 (analyze and interpret contemporary oceanographic datasets), Goal 3 (show evidence of scientific literacy, and to communicate the information effectively both orally and in writing), and Goal 4 (evaluate contemporary global issues and the ethics of how the ocean's resources are used).

Students completing this course will be able to:

**Goal A. Apply basic principles underlying physical processes in the ocean**

Instructional activities: lectures, assigned readings

Assessment method: performance on exams, homework assignments, in-class participation

**Goal B. Build on basic physical principles and develop mathematical equations of physical processes in the ocean**

Instructional activities: lectures, assigned readings

Assessment method: performance on exams, homework assignments, in-class participation

- Goal C. Apply physical principles and mathematical equations to make predictions about waves, tides, currents, and the large-scale ocean circulation

Instructional activities: lectures, assigned readings

Assessment method: performance on exams, homework assignments, in-class participation

- Goal D. Discuss why physical oceanography is important in the Earth system and to evaluate interactions with other components of the system, particularly the atmosphere

Instructional activities: lectures, assigned readings

Assessment method: performance on exams, homework assignments, in-class participation, course presentation

#### Grading

Three exams 25% each

Homework 20%

Course presentation 5%