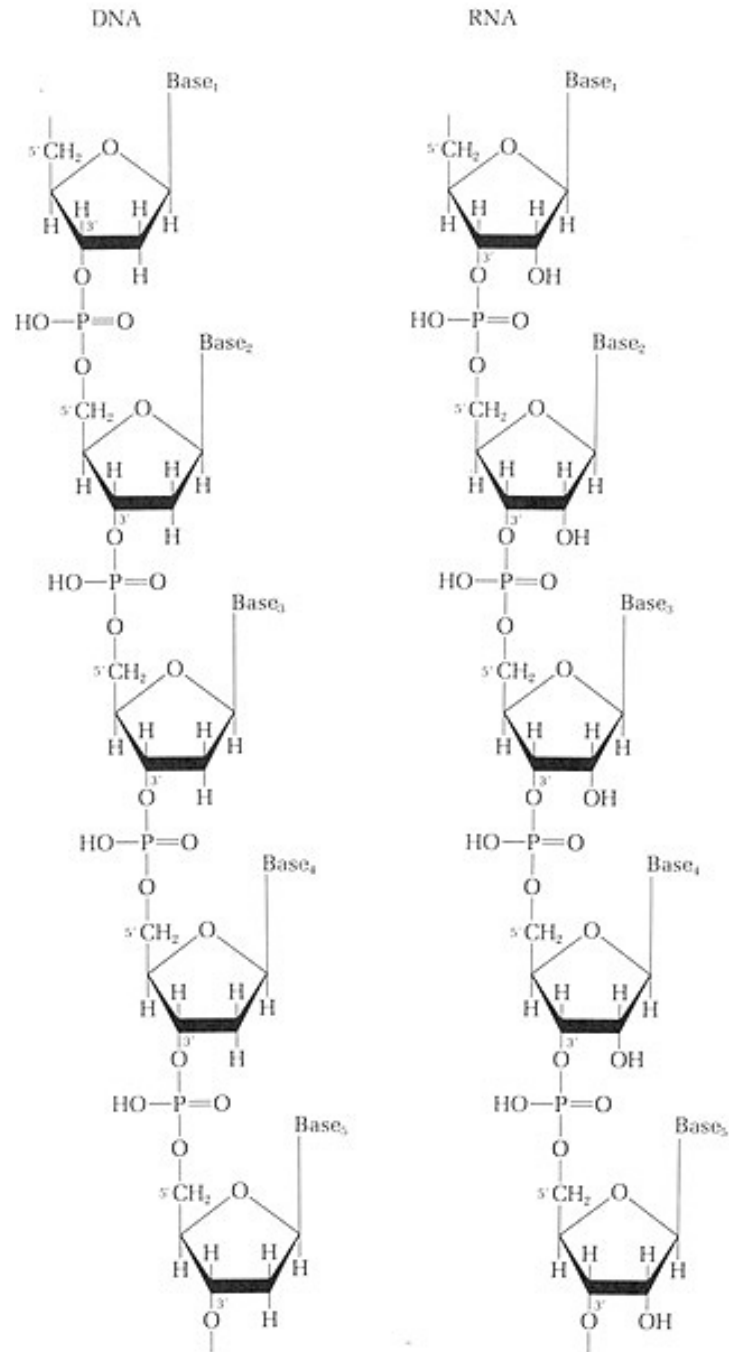
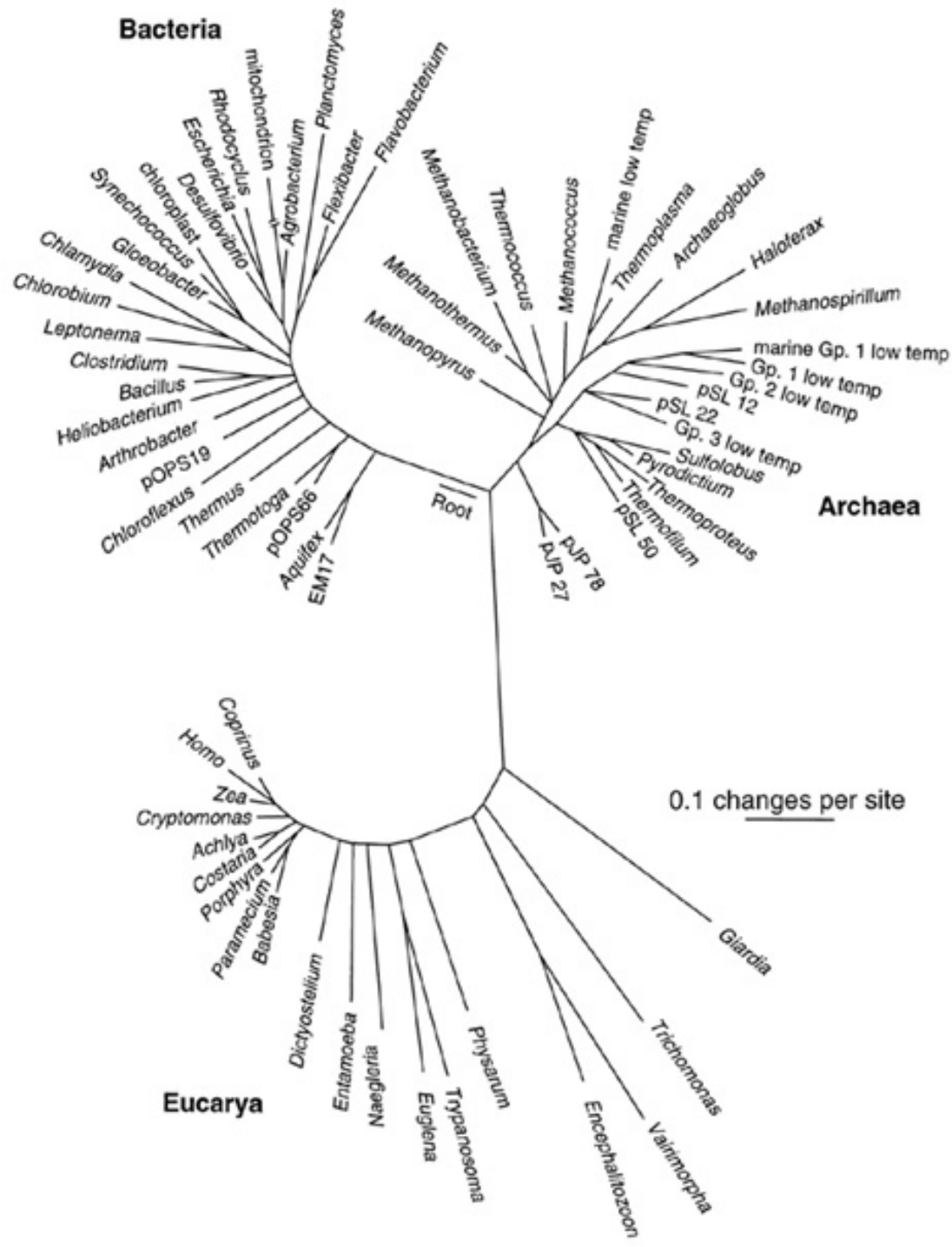


Polynucleotide structure. In DNA and RNA, the phosphodiester bridges link the 3'-hydroxyl of one nucleotide to the 5'-hydroxyl of the next.





What are we made of?

The “Big Six” elements

H, C, N, O, P, S

What are the forms of these elements in “organic” matter?

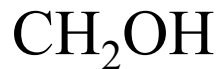
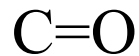
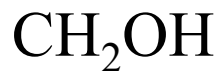
What makes a compound “organic”?

Are all organic molecules formed from biological processes?

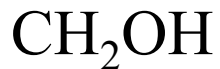
What are early sources of organic matter on Earth?

What is “life”?

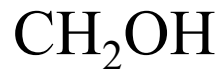
When did life begin?



D-ribulose



D-ribose



2deoxy-D-ribose

The S C sugars

Table 9.1 Major Ion Composition of Seawater, Showing Relationships to Total Salinity and Mean Residence Times for the Elements with Respect to River Water Inputs

Constituent	Concentration in seawater ^a (mg/kg)	Chlorinity ratio ^a	Concentration in river water ^b (mg/kg)	Mean residence time (10 ⁶ yr)
Sodium	10,760	0.5561	5.15	75
Magnesium	1,294	0.0668	3.35	14
Calcium	412	0.0213	13.4	1.1
Potassium	399	0.0206	1.3	11
Strontium	7.9	0.00041	0.03	12
Chloride	19,350	1.0000	5.75	120
Sulfate	2,712	0.1400	8.25	12
Bicarbonate	145	0.0075	52	0.10
Bromide	67	0.0035	.02	100
Boron	4.6	0.00024	0.01	10.0
Fluoride	1.3	0.000067	0.10	0.5
Water				0.034

^a Holland (1978).

^b Meybeck (1979) and Holland (1978).

Table 2.1 Composition of Volcanic Gases Released from the Kudryavy and Other Volcanoes

Volcano	H ₂ O	H ₂	CO ₂	SO ₂	H ₂ S	HCl	HF	N ₂	NH ₃	O ₂	Ar	CH ₄	Reference
Kudryavy, Russia	95.00	0.56	2.00	1.32	0.41	0.3700	0.030	0.21	—	0.03	0.002	0.002	Taran et al. (1991)
Nevado del Ruiz, Columbia	94.90		2.91	2.74	0.80	0.0052							Williams et al. (1982)
Kamchatka, Russia	78.60	3.01	4.87	0.03	0.16	0.5700	0.056	11.87	0.11	0.01	0.060	0.440	Dobrovolsky (1973)

The Initial Condition Problem

- Was the early Earth hot or cold?
- Was there NH_3 in Earth's atmosphere?
- What was the redox potential of the ocean?

The Amino Acid World

- Amino acids are stable for long periods even at relatively high temperatures. However, the abiotic formation of amino acids requires NH_3
- NH_3 was not stable in the Archean atmosphere

The RNA World

- Given a supply of ribose (a major caveat), RNA can self replicate. However, RNA stability is very much reduced at high temperature.

The Redox Reaction Hypothesis

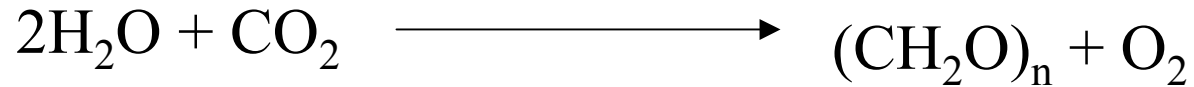
- Oxidation/reduction reactions are catalyzed by transition metals independent of proteins.
- In a “Primordial Soup” with organic molecules, redox reactions can mediate “metabolic pathways” without organisms

Life is Electric

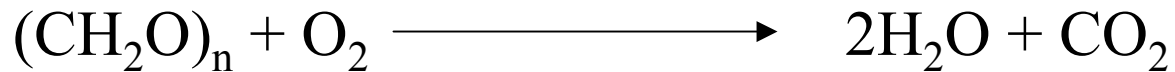
- All organisms derive energy for growth and maintenance by moving electrons from a substrate to a product.
- All substrates and products must ultimately be cycled.
- Biological processes are paired (e.g., photosynthesis and respiration)

Redox Reactions are Couple on a GLOBAL SCALE

Oxygenic Photosynthesis



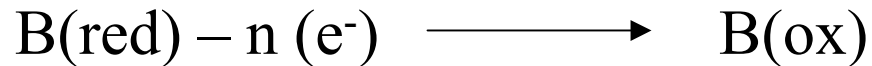
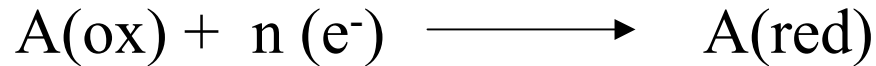
Aerobic Respiration:



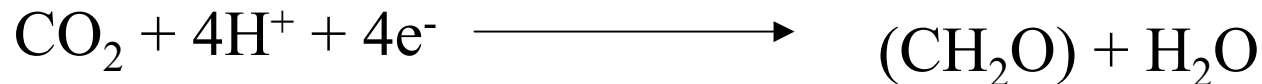
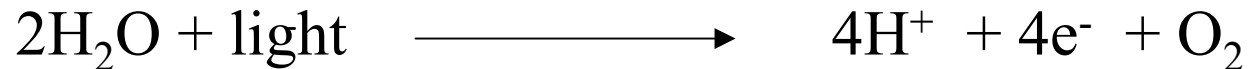
Q. Are photosynthesis and respiration balanced on a global scale?

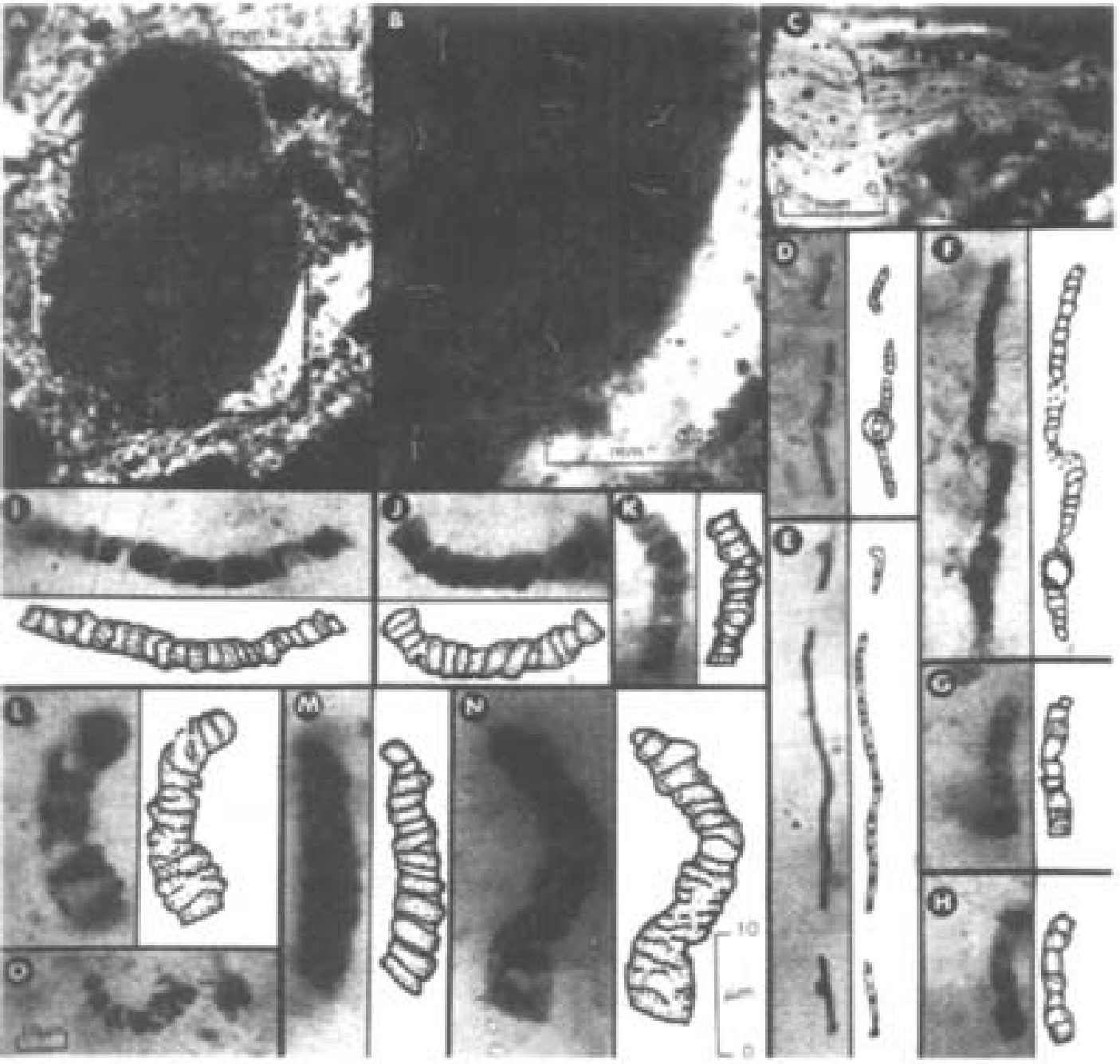
Redox Reactions Are Coupled On

General Reaction

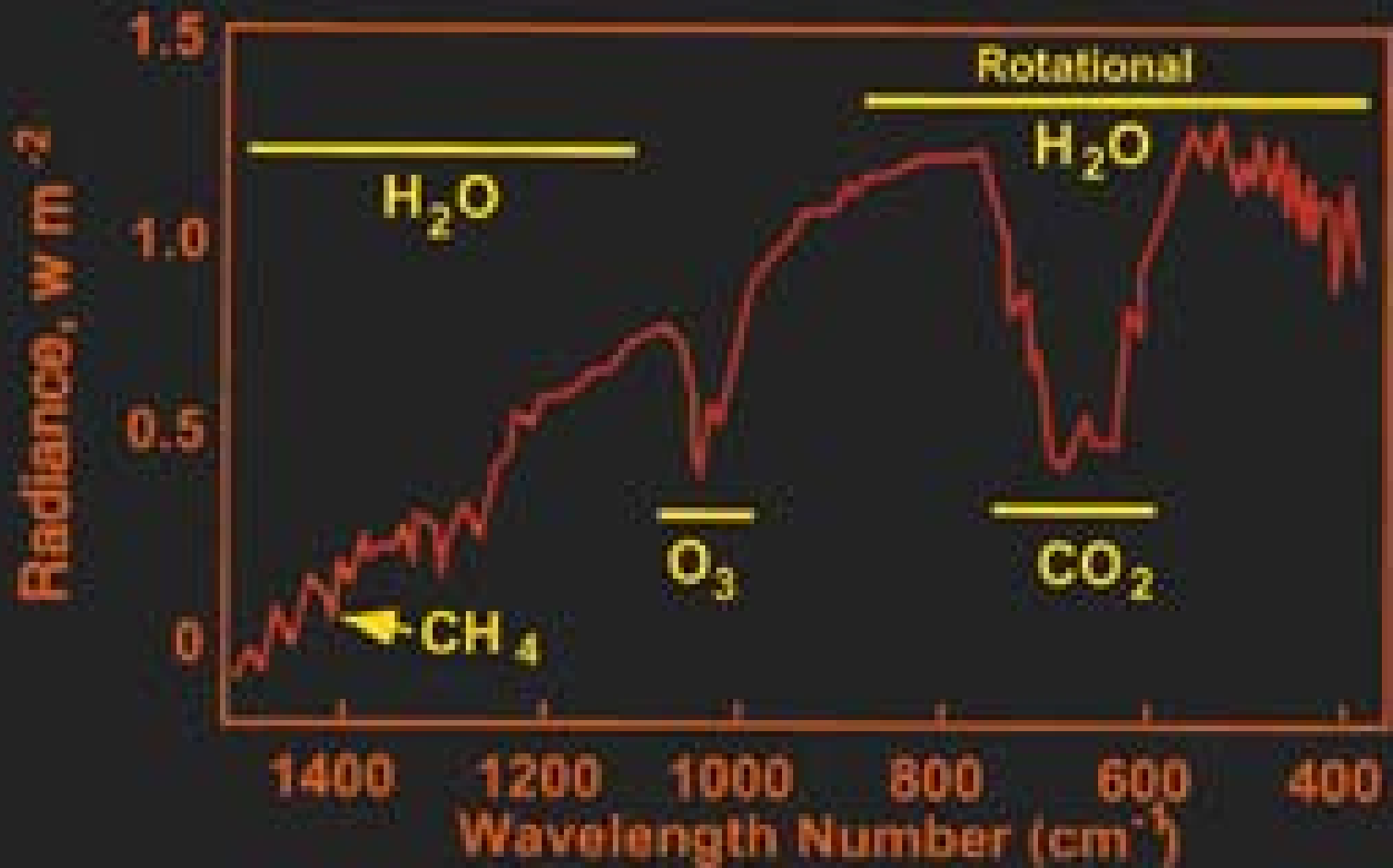


Photosynthesis





Earth's IR Reflectance Spectrum From Space



Early Proterozoic Ocean

circa 2000 Mybp

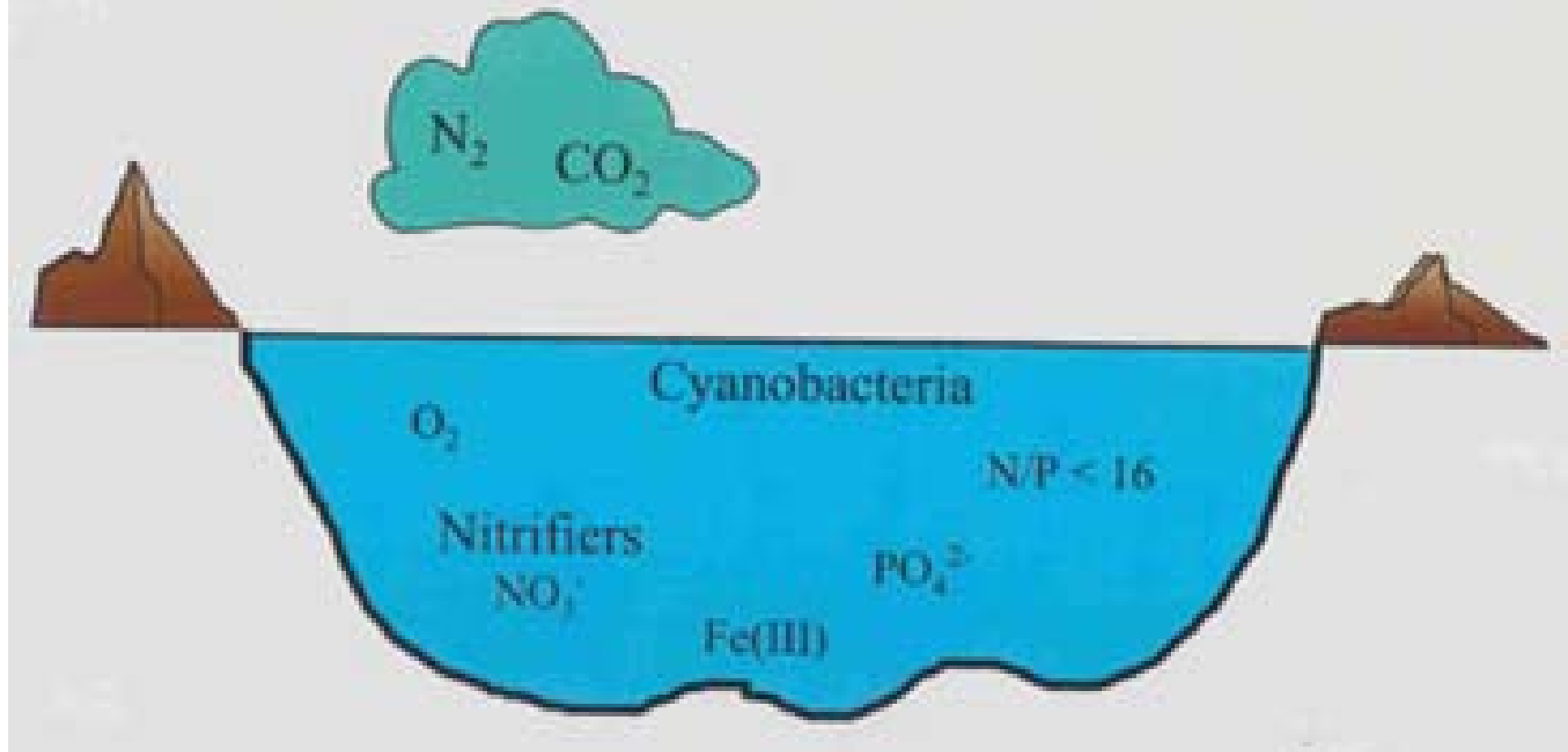


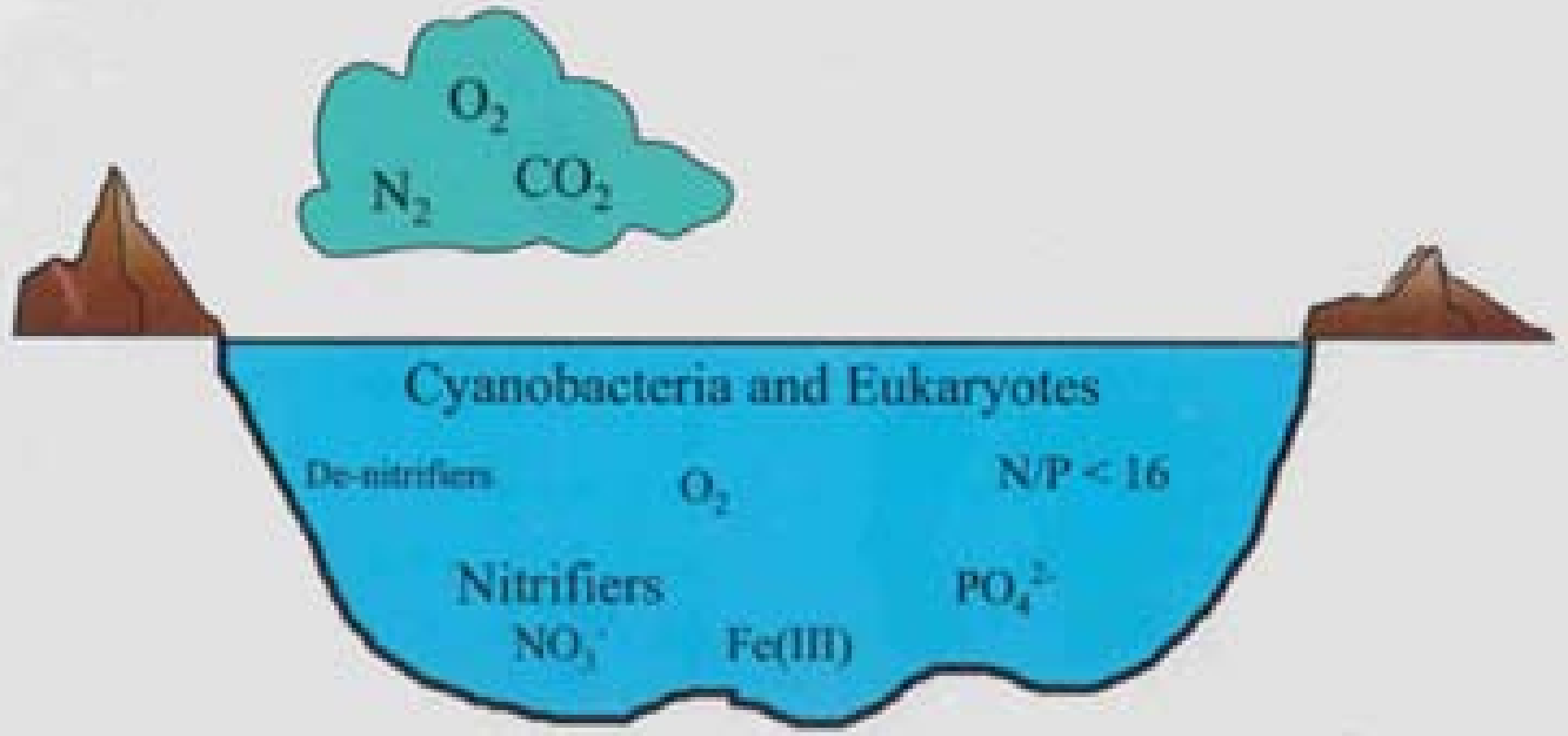
Table 8.5 Mean Composition of Dissolved Ions in River Waters of the World^a

Continent	HCO ₃ ⁻	SO ₄ ²⁻	Cl ⁻	NO ₃ ⁻	Ca ²⁺	Mg ²⁺	Na ⁺	K ⁺	Fe	SiO ₂	Sum
North America	68	20	8	1	21	5	9	1.4	0.16	9	142
South America	31	4.8	4.9	0.7	7.2	1.5	4	2	1.4	11.9	69
Europe	95	24	6.9	3.7	31.1	5.6	5.4	1.7	0.8	7.5	182
Asia	79	8.4	8.7	0.7	18.4	5.6	9.3		0.01	11.7	142
Africa	43	13.5	12.1	0.8	12.5	3.8	11		1.3	23.2	121
Australia	31.6	2.6	10	0.05	3.9	2.7	2.9	1.4	0.3	3.9	59
World	58.4	11.2	7.8	1	15	4.1	6.3	2.3	0.67	13.1	120
As ^b	0.958	0.233	0.220	0.017							1.428
As ^c					0.750	0.342	0.274	0.059			1.425

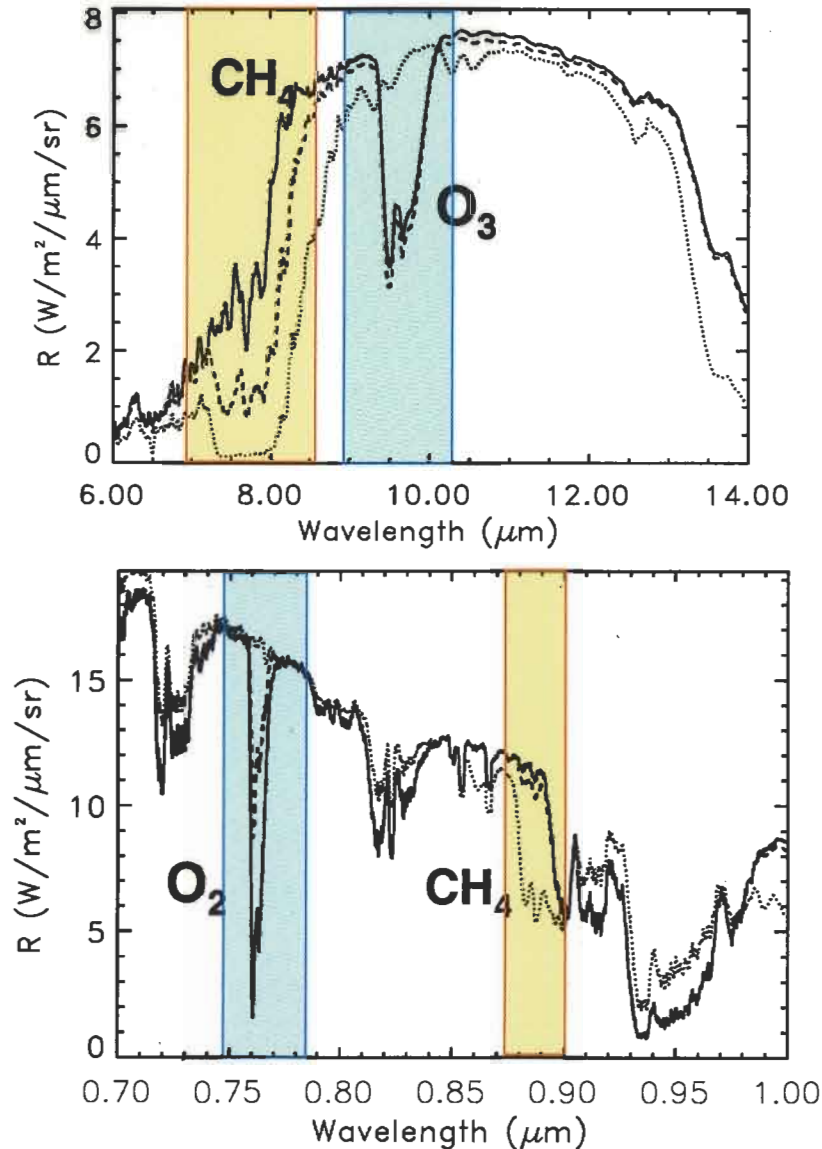
^a Kingstone (1963); concentrations in mg/liter.
^b milliequivalents of strongly ionized components.

Late Proterozoic Ocean

circa 800-500 Mybp



Earth Through Time: Biosignatures



- Life may have been easier to detect earlier in the Earth's history.
- In the MIR, Mid-Proterozoic Earth-like atmospheres show strong signatures from *both* CH₄ and O₃
In the visible, the O₂ absorption is reduced, but potentially detectable, but CH₄ is less detectable for the mid-Proterozoic case.

Table 1.1 Major Chemical Constituents of the Earth's Crust, Sediments, Ocean Water, and Atmosphere

Element	Crystal ionic charge and radius ^a	$r(\text{\AA})$	Continental crust		Oceanic crust		Average sediments		Ocean water		Atmosphere	
			(wt % ^b)	(vol %)	(wt % ^b)	(vol %)	(wt % ^c)	(vol %)	(wt % ^a)	(vol %)	(wt %)	(mol % or vol % ^a)
O	-2	1.32	46.40	93.04	43.80	92.57	47.61	91.32	86.0	99.0	23.15	20.95 (O ₂) as H ₂ O
Si	+4	0.42	28.15	1.04	24.00	0.93	24.40	0.86				
Al	+3	0.51	8.23	0.56	8.76	0.63	6.03	0.40				
Fe	{ +3 +2	{ 0.64 0.74	5.63	0.46	8.56	0.74	3.79	0.30				
Ca	+2	0.99	4.15	1.40	6.72	2.39	7.86	2.54	0.04	0.025		
Na	+1	0.97	2.36	1.31	1.94	1.13	1.36	0.72	1.08	0.11		
Mg	+2	0.66	2.33	0.38	4.5	0.78	2.44	0.39	0.13	0.04		
K	+1	1.33	2.09	1.75	0.83	0.73	2.00	1.61	0.04	0.062		
Ti	+4	0.68	0.54	0.05	0.90	0.09						
Mn			0.095		0.15							
H			0.14		0.2				10.7	(see O)		
P	+5	0.35	0.105		0.14		0.16	0.003				
S	+6	0.30	0.026		0.025		0.62	0.007	0.09	0.0002		
C	+4	0.16					2.91 ^d	0.013	0.28	0.002	0.046	0.03 (CO ₂)
Cl	-1	1.81					0.83	1.85	1.94	0.833		
N											75.53	78.09 (N ₂)
Ar											1.28	0.93 (Ar)

^aWeast (1974).

^bTaylor (1964).

^cFrom Garrels et al. (1975, p. 61).

^dInorganic C, 2.4; organic, 0.5.

Table 6.3. Chemical composition of igneous rocks and sediments (After Degens, 1965)

	(1) Granite	(2) Granodiorite	Igneous rocks		(5) Average 3 + 4 (3/4 = 2.13)	(6) Sandstone	Sediments		(9) Shale (CO ₂ corrected)
			(3) Average 1 + 2	(4) Basalt			(7) Limestone	(8) Shale	
SiO ₂	70.77	65.69	68.23	51.55	62.90	79.63	5.24	61.16	65.08
TiO ₂	0.39	0.57	0.48	1.48	0.80	0.25	0.06	0.68	0.72
Al ₂ O ₃	14.59	16.11	15.35	14.95	15.22	4.85	0.82	16.21	17.25
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.58	1.76	1.67	2.55	1.96	1.09	} 0.55	4.23	4.50
FeO	1.79	2.68	2.23	9.10	4.43	0.31		2.58	2.74
(Fe)	2.50	3.31	2.90	8.86	4.81	0.99	0.43	4.96	5.28
MnO	0.12	0.07	0.10	0.20	0.13	Trace	Trace	Trace	Trace
MgO	0.89	1.93	1.41	6.63	3.08	1.18	7.96	2.57	2.24
CaO	2.01	4.47	3.24	10.00	5.40	5.59	42.97	3.27	0.52
Na ₂ O	3.52	3.74	3.63	2.35	3.22	0.46	0.05	1.37	1.46
K ₂ O	4.15	2.78	3.47	0.89	2.65	1.33	0.33	3.41	3.63
P ₂ O ₅	0.19	0.20	0.20	0.30	0.23	0.08	0.04	0.18	0.19
CO ₂						5.11	41.93	2.77	
Misc.						0.12	0.05	1.57	1.67
Total:	100.00	100.00	-	100.00	-	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00